







Sustainable Lifestyles Research Group



Some thoughts on Households and Sustainable Lifestyles CASSE event: London & SSE October 7th 2014







Presentation

- Researching sustainable lifestyle change: what we know
- Messages from three recent projects
- Households and SSE transition



Other things we could discuss

- My colleague Tim Jackson's current work on sustainable economy
- Proposed work led by University of Surrey on sustainable living and prosperity in SSE
- New work at Surrey on cities and industrial ecology



Households and sustainable living

- David Fell, Brook Lyndhurst, in Guardian Sustainable Business, 7/3/2013:
- Sustainable consumption consists at present almost entirely of "supply push" rather than "demand pull". On the supply side, a combination of regulatory and legislative obligation, business-to-business peer pressure and, slowly, a developing cultural norm mean that a growing number of enterprises are taking sustainability seriously.
- Turn to the consumer side of the equation, however, and the story is very different. The number of people taking sustainability seriously has remained stubbornly low for the past 20 years.
- Perhaps two or three consumers in every 100 are actively trying to minimise their environmental footprint on a consistent, across-the-board basis. The majority find it too hard, too overwhelming, too complicated - too much hassle given all the other things they need to think about.

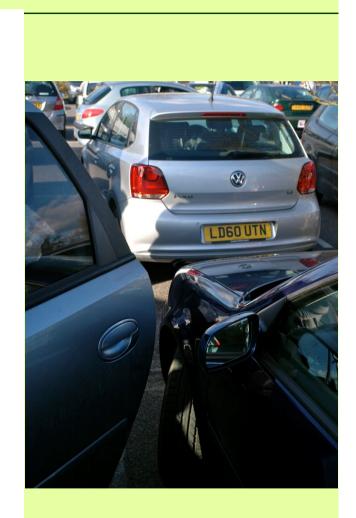






Why is 'sustainable living' rare?

- Lack of positive incentives and collective stories
- Lack of supporting infrastructure
- Clashing values and desires
- 'Lock-in' to existing behaviour, eg travel for work and school
- Association of consumerism with real benefits as well as peer pressure
- Association of SD and 'Green' behaviour with cost, negativity, inconvenience etc
- 'Threatened identities': RESOLVE research



What works?

- Positive incentives and collective stories
- Supporting infrastructure
- Consistent messages from Government, Business and everyday institutions
- Trusted networks and congregational places
- Making 'SD' normal
- Overcoming perceptions and reality of additional cost of sustainable action
- Safety in numbers





Sustainable Lifestyles Research Group SLRG, 2010-14

- Funded by DEFRA with ESRC & Scottish Gov't
- Network: Universities of Surrey, Edinburgh, Sussex, Bath, IFS
- Aims -
- to develop new and relevant understandings of the processes which lead to changes in people's behaviours and practices
- to build a sound conceptual basis for understanding and influencing change processes aimed at sustainable living;
- to provide advice on realistic strategies to enable more sustainable lifestyles
- to build on existing research in sustainable living - eg Surrey's RESOLVE programme







SLRG portfolio: project clusters

Community

Edinburgh: Sustainable Living in Remote Rural Scotland Sussex: Resilience of community food projects Sussex: Greener Living – grassroots initiatives for change

Economy Surrey and Sussex: Mapping Rebound Effects IFS: Price Responsiveness - Demand for Sustainable Food

Change processes Bath: Large survey of urban house movers Surrey: Qualitative study of households in transition

Synthesis

Surrey and Bath: links between research and policymakers Network-wide: What are the foundations for a transition to sustainable living at household and community levels?

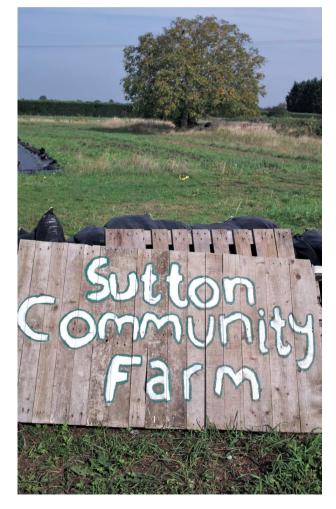






Resilience/innovation in community food-growing projects

University of Sussex Andy Stirling / Rebecca White / Rachael Durrant



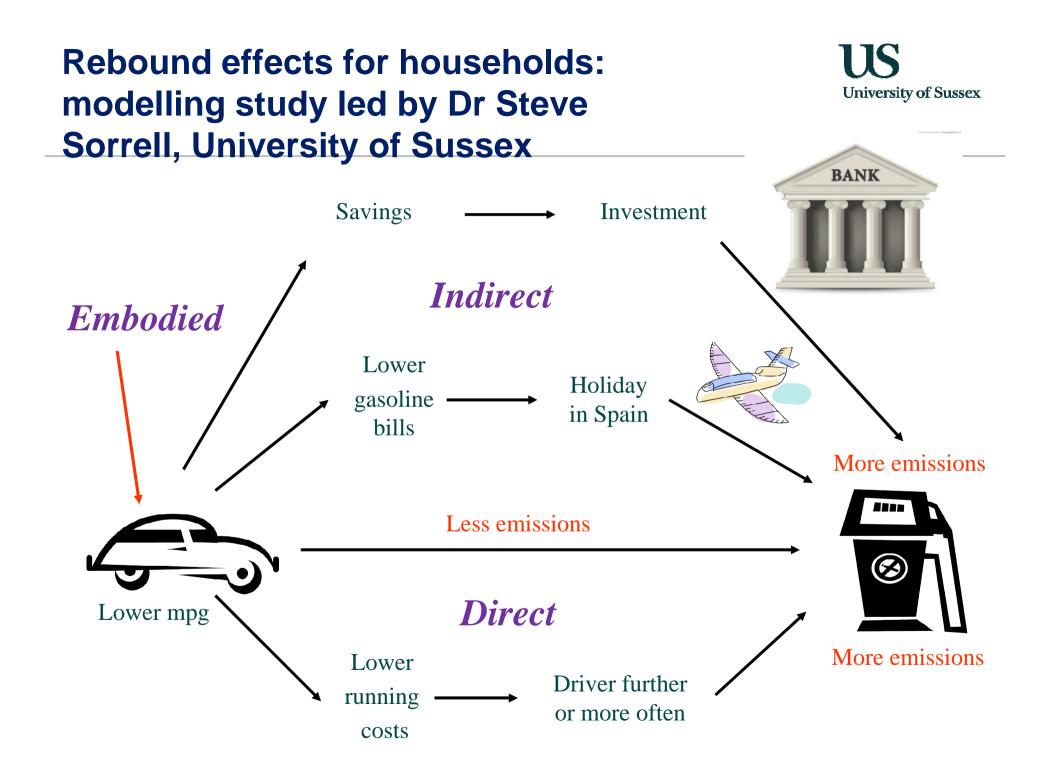
Diversity of motivations and values at work in community food projects - not all in line with 'official' definitions and goals for 'SD'

More stability in funding needed, along with less imposition of top-down metrics and targets

Process of exploration of community goals and ideas is as valid and valuable as outcomes for 'SD'

Civil society organisations need to be supported as spaces for experimentation, diversity and resilience

Is 'scaling up' appropriate ?



Rebound modelling: results

- Rebound effects are (currently) modest (0-32%) for measures affecting domestic energy use, larger (25-65%) for measures affecting vehicle fuel use and very large (66-106%) for measures that reduce food waste
- Rebounds larger for low income groups because GHG-intensive 'necessities' form larger % of total (re)spending
- Income effect (re-spending) is much more important than embodied GHGs of energy efficiency measures
- Results emphasise the need to handle emissions reduction as a global policy problem and an 'upstream' systemic issue





Moments of change: openings for SD?



Significant points of transition open up opportunities for change, including self-conscious revision of practices, ie lifestyle adaptation

'Habit Discontinuity'

Exposure to new social networks, norms, physical spaces and services

New consumption goals, choices, pressures, constraints, narratives

HABIT project University of Bath Bas Verplanken / Debbie Roy / PECT

Habit Disruption - an idea with intuitive appeal in thinking about lifestyle change for sustainability...

SLRG project in
Peterborough - survey of 580
households to test this effect
Initial analysis suggests that
there *is* an effect on
receptiveness to change for
movers

But still only a minority of householders are motivated to make significant changes
How do we magnify the effect?



ELICIT: household transitions ^{3-year study of 80} households - half

University of Surrey Kate Burningham / Sue Venn / Birgitta Gatersleben / Ian Christie



3-year study of 80 households - half experiencing arrival of first child; half experiencing transition to retirement

Emergence of family lifestyle: more pro-environmental values but less proenvironmental action
Opposite effect

- seems to be the case with decline of family lifestyle
- Self-reported values, behaviours and identities contain many inconsistencies

Households and SSE

- 'Growth isn't working'
- Cities are central to SD transitions
- Density of infrastructure: potential for economies of scale
- Density of real and virtual social networks
- Households in transition
- Households need 'safety in numbers', which city life can provide
- SSE and desirable lifestyles: sociability, time, meaningful work



Thank you for listening Contact details

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