The steady state economy:
- for security,
- for the environment,
- for future generations.

Take a position.

The costs of economic growth have become too high to bear. Our economies are overshooting the regenerative capacity of the planet, threatening our security, our environment, and our future.

Yet economic growth remains a top policy priority.

Explore a positive alternative to growth.

Join other concerned citizens who believe that our economic policies should promote sustainability—for our families and our future.

Take a stand.

Sign the position on economic growth at www.steadystate.org

With widespread support, our position will be presented as a framework for a sustainable economy. This economy will feature policies that ensure the well-being of our planet and all who inhabit it...

...now and in the future.
The downsides of economic growth

National Security
Growth results in increasing demand for dwindling energy supplies and intense international competition for Earth's remaining resources.

Environment
Increasing production and consumption of goods and services means less natural resources and more pollution. That’s not sustainable.

Future Generations
Liquidation of natural capital for the sake of growth jeopardizes opportunities for our children and grandchildren to meet their needs and achieve high standards of living.

A steady state economy is the right size, not too big and not too small. It supports local commerce and jobs while conserving natural resources to ensure a positive future.

What does a steady state economy look like?

• It is sustainable. Economic activities fit within the capacity provided by natural ecosystems.

• It is equitable. The economy provides a fair distribution of wealth and equal opportunities for true prosperity.

• It is efficient. Individuals, businesses, and communities meet their needs while minimizing resource use and waste production.

Join the grassroots movement to support the steady state economy.

• Become a CASSE member or volunteer today. Sign the CASSE position on economic growth.

• Be a “steady stater.” Use resources wisely and be mindful of the needs of future generations. Don’t buy into the unsustainable culture of consumerism.

• Support policies such as conservation measures, anti-sprawl legislation, and banking reform.